

AGRICULTURE STATUS OF SHIRGOAN VILLAGE IN MAVAL TAHSIL OF PUNE DISTRICT IN MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Volume-VII, Issue-I

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Abstract:

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Shirgoan village as part of the rural settlement which can always effect the rural environment of nearby location. Socio-economic status of shirgoan village is mostly depended on education, income and occupation. Socio-economic condition makes much effect on housing condition, living condition, life style, education, health and other all functions in rural area. The education and income are important elements for Socio-economic assessments of rural population.

The study was carrying out on the basis of primary data including the field survey with help of questioners and also collects the secondary data from grampanchayat of shirgoan village. This paper represent the Socio-economic assessments of shirgoan village with help of following parameters like, labour Force Participation, Agricultural Labour, Educational status, Language, & Caste status.

Key Wards: - Field Survey, graphs, Tables and Various statistical techniques.

1. Introduction:

Shirgoan village is small village in Maval tahshil. The village shirgoan is developed with cultural as well as social factors. Geographical role is to understand this stage of cultural development and its relationship with natural environment.

The survey provides the primary data regarding different aspects of life style of man in the village. Environment has direct impact on village culture. Natural phenomenon directly governs the village setup. Therefore it is very important to study natural phenomenon along with human beings. The government of India and government of Maharashtra continuously try to develop the villages, as the 3/4th of the Indian population lives in this habitat. Government introduces many schemes for people's welfare. Urban people have least contact with villagers therefore it is necessary to visit the village to see the percolation extent of government plans and schemes to find out the problem and finally to conclude the suggestion.

2. Objective:

- > To study the Agriculture status of Shirgaon village.
- > To understand the social aspects of study area.

3. Methodology:

The primary data and secondary data have been used for the research paper. The questionnaire has been prepared to collect the data. The statistical method has been used for data calculation.

3.1: Data collection:

Data collection has done with the help of the observation, interviews, photos, Google images and field survey. Questionnaires have prepared for obtaining information of solid waste& tin-bin system. However spatial analysis of study area has been done on Google image using Arc GIS in to calculate area and related features.

4. Agriculture status

4.1: Land use pattern

The agriculture activity in the shirgaon is totally on monsoon dependent. Irrigation facility is not available in the village due to poverty of families. The total geographical area of village is 180.55 acre. This area has been utilized by following ways.

Edulndex Impact Factor 5.20

UGC Approved Journal No 48833